





Building a Gold Mine in the Heart of American Mining Country

July 2025

TSXV: VAU | OTCQB: VAUCF | FRANKFURT: 7PB

Cautionary notes / Technical disclosures

This presentation contains certain information that may constitute forward-looking information or forward-looking statements under applicable Canadian securities legislation (collectively, "forward-looking information"), including but not limited to the exploration potential and target size of the Tonopah Gold Project, metallurgical process route, expected gold recoveries, the potential of the drilling to increase resources, the timing of an updated mineral resource update, economic viability, mine development potential, and future exploration plans of Viva. This forward-looking information entails various risks and uncertainties that are based on current expectations, and actual results may differ materially from those contained in such information. These uncertainties and risks include, but are not limited to, the strength of the global economy; the price of gold; operational, funding and liquidity risks; the degree to which mineral resource estimates are reflective of actual mineral resources; the degree to which factors which would make a mineral deposit commercially viable are present; the risk of applying for and receiving permit approvals; availability of water and water rights, the risks and hazards associated with mining operations; and the ability of Viva to fund its capital requirements. Risks and uncertainties about the Company's business are more fully discussed in the Company's disclosure materials filed with the securities regulatory authorities in Canada available at www.sedar.com. Readers are urged to read these materials. Viva assumes no obligation to update any forward-looking information or to update the reasons why actual results could differ from such information unless required by law.

Cautionary Note to U.S. Investors ---Effective February 25, 2019, the SEC adopted new mining disclosure rules under subpart 1300 of Regulation S-K of the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "SEC Modernization Rules"), with compliance required for the first fiscal year beginning on or after January 1, 2021. The SEC Modernization Rules replace the historical property disclosure requirements included in SEC Industry Guide 7. As a result of the adoption of the SEC Modernization Rules, the SEC now recognizes estimates of "Measured Mineral Resources", "Indicated Mineral Resources" and "Inferred Mineral Resources". In addition, the SEC has amended its definitions of "Proven Mineral Reserves" and "Probable Mineral Reserves" to be substantially similar to corresponding definitions under the CIM Standards. While the SEC Modernization Rules are "substantially similar" to the CIM Standards, readers are cautioned that there are differences between the SEC Modernization Rules and the CIM Standards.

PEA Cautionary Note – Readers are cautioned that the PEA is preliminary in nature, it includes inferred mineral resources that are considered too speculative geologically to have the economic consideration applied to them that would enable then to be categorized as mineral reserves, and there is no certainty that the PEA results will be realized. Mineral Resources that are not mineral reserves do not have demonstrated economic viability. Additional work is needed to upgrade these mineral resources to mineral reserves.

Mr. James Hesketh, President & CEO of Viva Gold, MMSA-QP and Qualified Person under NI43-101, has to the extent possible, verified that the historical and project data contained herein is reliable and has approved that content. Brian Thomas, P.Geo. of WSP, is the qualified person, as defined by NI 43-101, responsible for the preparation of the MRE. Jason Baker, P.Eng. of WSP, is the qualified person, as defined by NI 43-101, responsible for the mining method. Rick McBride, P.Eng. of WSP, is the qualified person, as defined by NI 43-101, responsible for integration of the costs into the cashflow model. Caleb Cook, PE of KCA is qualified person for metallurgy and processing as disclosed in Viva Gold press release of July7, 2025.

Viva's Strategy & Direction

Checking the Boxes for Success in Mining:

- Fully capitalized Preliminary Economic Analysis ("PEA") confirms the Tonopah Gold Project can be a producing and profitable mine
- High confidence gold mineral resource (86% M&I) ready to develop in mining friendly Nevada
- Advanced baseline & environmental study status with no material "red flags"
- Highly experienced leadership team with a history of permitting and building mines in Nevada
- Unique window of opportunity to permit a new mine in the US against a backdrop of robust gold prices

Near Term Catalysts:

- Rapidly initiate Feasibility Study
- Commence formal mine permitting effort to embrace accelerated permitting
- Re-rating with feasibility study and permitting activity

Note: All costs in this release are in US Dollars and all measurements are metric units unless otherwise noted.



VIVA Gold - Capital Structure/Shareholders

		VIVA GOLD DUNDEE 19.95%
Capital Structure as of June 1, 2025		
Shares Outstanding	145.5 M	PUBLIC FLOAT 45.9%
Stock Options ¹	7.7 M	GOLD CORP 14.5%
Warrants Outstanding ²	38.8M	8.6% Pointillist
Fully Diluted	192.0 M	2.4% MGMT & BOARD8.6%MYRMIKAN CAPITAL LLC
Market Capital	~\$20 M	Historic Chart for Cdn: VAU by Stockwatch.com 604.687.1500 - (c) 2025 Wed Jul 9 2025 Op=0.12 Hi=0.12 Lo=0.11 Cl=0.12 Vol=517.505 Year hi=0.24 lo=0.11 0.24 Cdn: VAU 0.2325 0.225
 1) Options: 2.65M @ \$0.155, exp Jan 2026; 1.65M @ 0.165 ex . Price, exp June 2026; 0.25M @ \$0.125, exp Dec 11, 2026, 2.75M @ \$0.165, exp July 24, 2027. 2) Warrants: 14.9M @ \$0.23, exp March 26, 2026; 11.7M @ \$0.18 exp Dec 11, 2026; 2.3M @ \$0.22, exp July 9, 2027; 4.0M @ \$0.22, exp Aug 8, 2027; 12.8M @ \$0.17, exp April 2028 		Volume Volume

1000 k 500 k

Top Tier Management & Board

CHRISTOPHER HERALD,

Chairman & Director

President, CEO and Director Solitario Resources Corp; former Chairman, Denver Gold Group; former positions with Crown Resources, Echo Bay Mines, Anaconda Minerals; M.S. in Geology, Colorado School of Mines; B.S. in Geology, University of Notre Dame

JAMES HESKETH,

President, CEO & Director

Former CEO Atna Resources Ltd.; Canyon Resources Corp; former positions with NM Rothschild & Sons, Cyprus Amax Minerals, Pincock, Allen & Holt Inc. and Dresser Industries; B.S. in Mining Engineering, M.S. in Mineral Economics, Colorado School of Mines

STEVEN KRAUSE, CFO

President, Avisar Chartered Accountants; former CFO, Bear Creek Mining; B.B.A., Trinity Western University; Registered CPA, Illinois

ANDY BOLLAND, Director

Former Hatch Ltd, US Director of Mining and Mineral Processing; former Barrick Gold, Director Operations for Barrick Gold of North America; B.S. Chemical Engineering, Strathclyde University

DAVID WHITTLE, Director

Former CEO, Mountain Province Diamonds; former CFO positions with Glenmore Highlands Inc, Alexco Resources Corp, Hillsborough Resources Limited, and Lytton Minerals Limited; Bachelor Finance, UBC; Chartered Professional Accountant

TED MAHONEY, Director

Consulting Geologist; former Chief Geologist, Kinross Round Mountain Mine; Chief Geologist & Business Development Manager, Barrick North America

ADRIAN GOLDSTONE, Director

Currently the Managing Director Technical, Dundee Corporation (DC.A: TSX); From 2006 to 2014, Adrian Goldstone was Vice President of Dundee Precious Metals; BS and MS University of Aukland and has over 35 years of experience in the mining industry.

World Class Walker Lane Trend PRODUCTION AND M&A ACTIVITY

Kinross Gold

2025 215K oz Au produced in 2024 with LOM production of over 16 million ounces. Over 3,900 meters of Phase X underground mine exploration development completed with goal of providing feed to existing 11,000 tpd mill as open pit is depleted

Centerra Gold

2024Acquired permitted Goldfield District Project in 2022~ US\$206M
(US\$279/Oz Au). M&I Resource 706K oz Au @ 0.71 g/t Au,
Inferred 30K oz @ 0.41 g/t Au (Centerra 2024 annual report)

AngloGold

Acquisition + discovery has developed multiple projects with 12.9 million ounces of gold resource and 1.0 M Oz reserve

- Sept 2022 Acquired Coeur Mining's Sterling-Secret Pass US\$150M (\$165/Oz) to consolidate district;
- Sept 2021 Acquired Corvus Gold North Bullfrog and Mother Lode US\$450M (\$170/Oz)

Augusta Gold

Apr 2022Acquired Reward Gold Project US\$45M (\$99/Oz);Sept 2020Acquired historic Bullfrog Mine ~ US\$52M (100% basis)



Tonopah Gold Project – High Confidence Gold Resource

Mineral Resource Estimate ("MRE") – Effective June 13, 2025

Classification	Tonnes	Au Grade	Ag Grade	Contained Gold	Contained Silver
	x 1,000	Grams/Tonne	Grams/Tonne	Ounces	Ounces
Measured	1,691	1.41	3.11	77,000	169,000
Indicated	25,002	0.53	1.98	427,000	1,593,000
Measured + Indicated	26,693	0.59	2.05	504,000	1,762,000
Inferred	6,905	0.37	1.81	83,000	402,000

Notes:

- Key constraint inputs included reasonable assumptions for operating costs, geotechnical slope parameters, forecast Au prices, and a minimum Cut-off Grade of 0.15 g/t Au.
- Mineral Resource Estimate was constrained by conceptual pit shells for the purpose of establishing reasonable prospects of eventual economic extraction
- The Cut-off Grade assumes a gold price of US\$2,200 and a revenue factor of 1.2 (equivalent to US\$2,640 gold price), and includes all material that can be economically processed
- 4. Heap leach recovery of 75% was assumed.
- Mineral Resource categorization of Measured, Indicated and Inferred Mineral Resources presented in the summary table is in accordance with the CIM definition standards (CIMDS, 2014).
- 6. Mineral Resources are believed to have a reasonable expectation of being extracted economically, they are not Mineral Reserves.
- Inferred Mineral Resources are considered too speculative geologically to have the economic considerations applied to them that would enable them to be categorized as Mineral Reserves.
- 8. There is no certainty that all or any part of this Mineral Resource will be converted into Mineral Reserve.
- Brian Thomas, P.Geo. of WSP, is the qualified person, as defined by NI 43-101, is responsible for the preparation of the Mineral Resource Estimate

- Measured and Indicated resource is 86% of total contained gold ounces
- High confidence gold resource ready for development level engineering study
- Exploration upside potential remains outside PEA pit area.

Tonopah Geology – Excellent Mining Potential

Geologic Long Section Showing Resource Blocks, Structure and Lithology



Looking North, 100-meter slice





Gold controlled by both lithology and structure over 1.5 Km strike length

- Intensely oxidized, coarse and micro-fine free gold, as well as disseminated gold mineralization
- Great geometry for open pit mining: gold mineralization occurring from
 10 to 200 meters depth in multiple sub-horizonal zones
- Multiple high-grade gold zones along strike insures grade through mine life

X-Section A-A' Discovery Zone Initial Mining Area



- Shallow high-grade zone starting 10 meters below surface drilled to measured level with up to 300 meters width.
- Starter pit, 2022 PEA, 2.4 million tonnes at 1.4 g/t Au (~108,000 Oz).
- Drives rapid economic payback on project.

Tonopah Geology Successful 2024-2025 Drill Program



Tonopah Exploration = Substantial Growth Potential



• Midway Hills – Historic drilling stopped in mineralization at Opa contact

Numerous drillhole intercepts outside main deposit demand follow-up

Metallurgical Test Work Optimization Program



Multiple generations of metallurgical testwork completed by Kennecott, Newmont, Midway Gold and Viva.



Oxidized gold mineralization with microfine and coarse free gold occurring in high-grade veins and breccias and lithology hosted low-grade zones of disseminated gold mineralization.



Gold at Tonopah is recoverable through gravity, flotation and cyanidation leach processing methods.



20%

Column leach tests demonstrate average gold **recoveries of 68% to 71%** on three-stage crushed rock.

Carbon-in-leach with gravity¹ produced high-grade gold **recoveries of 92% to 94%** at a 75-micron (200 mesh) grind size. Approximately 20% of Tonopah resource tonnes contain about 50% of the high-grade gold ounces with selective mining for mill feed. Additional economic trade-off studies are necessary.



Tonopah has the potential to provide high-grade mill feed to local gold mills. Alternatively, an onsite mill circuit after three stage crush has potential to increase high grade gold recovery by ~20%.

1) Tonopah Gold Project, Pulp Agglomeration, Report on Metallurgical Testwork", dated October 2022, prepared by Kappes, Cassiday & Associates ("KCA"), Reno, Nevada

2025 PEA Highlights – Production Concept

- Conventional open pit mine operating at average 45,000 tonnes per day ("tpd") mining rate over 7-year life using 11-100 tonne trucks, 3 loaders, 3 drills.
- 10,000 tpd crushing plant feeding a 2,000 tpd gravity/carbon in leach gold recovery circuit with dry stack tail disposal and an 8,000 tpd heap leach circuit

Mined Resource			
Mill Feed Tonnes (x1,000)	4,518		
Gold Grade – gram per tonne ("g/t")	1.75		
Silver Trade – g/t	3.35		
Heap Leach Feed Tonnes (X1,000)	19,046		
Gold Grade – g/t	0.37		
Silver Grade – g/t	1.69		
Production Data			
Life of Mine	7 Years + 1-year residual leach		
Average Gold Recover	Mill 93%, Heap Leach 75%		
Average Silver Recovery	Mill 37%, Heap Leach 14%		
Total Payable Gold Produced	404,496 Ounces		
Total Payable Silver Produced	354,457 Ounces		
Strip Ratio	3.9		

- High Grade (> 1.0 gpt) zones in Tonopah deposit - 93% average gold recovery drove mill feed concept
 - 58% Gold ounces produced
- Gold recovery of 75% in low grade material supports heap leach concept
 - 42% Gold ounces produced

2025 PEA Highlights - Financial

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Financial parameters	Results		
Internal Rate of Return (IRR), Pre-Tax	20.6%		
Internal Rate of Return (IRR), After-Tax	17.6%		
Average Annual Cash Flow in Production	\$56.8 M		
(Pre-Tax)			
Net Present Value ("NPV") 5% (Pre-Tax)	\$138.6 M		
Average Annual Cash Flow in Production	\$52.8 M		
(After-Tax)			
NPV 5% (After-Tax)	\$111.6 M		
Gold Price Assumption per Ounce	\$2,400		
Silver Price Assumption per Ounce	\$27.70		
Capital Costs – USD Million (M)			
Initial Direct Mine & Plant CAPEX	\$153 M		
EPCM, Indirect, First Fills & Owners Costs	\$33.5 M		
Contingency	\$33.4 M		
Working Capital	\$22.2 M		
LOM Sustaining Capital	\$70.4 M		
Reclamation & Closure	\$12.0 M		
Operating Costs (Average LOM)			
Mining – Owner Mining	\$1.95/tonne material		
Processing – Mill	\$16.43/tonne milled		
Processing – Heap Leach	\$6.62/tonne leached		
Dewatering cost	\$670K to \$1,251K per annum		
G&A including surety premium	\$4.4 million annually		
All-In sustaining Cost per Ounce	\$1,264		
Cash Cost of Production per Ounce	\$1,169		

- Results demonstrate project viability at \$2,400 Au price with full capital costing including owner mining
- Low AISC and Cash Cost = gold price leverage
- Project Optimization
 Opportunities:
 - Toll milling at nearby facility (~\$50+ million CAPEX savings potential)
 - Contract Miner (defer initial capital into operating cost)
 - Optimize mine planning to accelerate grade (increase early revenue)

2025 PEA Highlights - Economic Sensitivity Analysis



 \$3,200/Oz Gold price generated an NPV 5% return of \$363.6 million and an IRR of 43.4% demonstrating strong leverage to gold price

 Any reduction in capital cost will accelerate economic returns

Infrastructure & Permit Status

- Paved State Highway access
- Tonopah Public Utility Commercial Water
 Pipeline on east boundary of claim block;
 utility controls substantial water rights.
- NV Energy 15 kV power line follows pipeline: systems upgradable to 25 kV under existing permits.
- Initial Environmental Assessment & Cultural Resources Studies Completed; Newmont, 2003.
- Exploration Permitted under Plan of Operations for up to 75 acres of cumulative disturbance.



Baseline Environmental Study – Work Program

Ongoing and Completed Study Work Include:

- Baseline Needs Assessment Meeting held with US
 Bureau of Land Management
- Biologic studies substantially complete and accepted by BLM. No Sage Grouse or Desert Tortoise habitat
- Quarterly water sampling (7+ years of sampling completed)
- Seeps and springs study (Complete)
- Geochemical rock characterization studies: testwork complete & approved by BLM, final report underway
- Update of 2003 archaeological and cultural resource studies > 50% complete
- Hydrologic pump tests completed: planning for additional study underway
- Pit & stormwater disposal options –to be completed in 2025

Community Outreach:

Town of Tonopah/Tonopah Public Utilities: Information sharing on development planning, hydrologic and water quality test work, and other environmental programs



Tonopah Project PROJECTED

GOALS & TIMELINES

 PEA and Updated MRE Completed: Demonstrates potential for viable mining project

Goal: Initiate Feasibility Study Work in 2025

- Negotiations for third party toll milling
- Contract versus owner mining trade-off study
- Optimize mine plan to accelerate early gold grades
- Geotechnical study to optimize pit slope angles – reduce stripping
- Metallurgical program to optimize process flow sheets
- Baseline Studies: ongoing program of completing required baseline study to support project development permitting effort.

Note: Timelines are subject to availability of personnel, contractors, and adequate financing

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Viva Gold Value Proposition

Premise:

Tonopah gold project checks all boxes for a successful mine development opportunity.

Focus:

 Optimization and feasibility studies to accelerate revenue production, while reducing capital cost

Goal:

Re-rate Viva shares with a demonstration of Tonopah Gold Project as a mine development opportunity with robust economics and substantial growth potential.





GOLD CORP

JAMES HESKETH President and CEO 720-291-1775 jhesketh@vivagoldcorp.com GRAHAM FARRELL Investor Relations (416) 842-9003 graham.farrell@vivagoldcorp.com

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